

Practice aid for non-small cell lung cancer

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# **Neoadjuvant immunotherapy for patients with NSCLC**

## Neoadjuvant immunotherapy: Phase III data<sup>1,2</sup>

#### CheckMate 816 trial (NCT02998528): 4-year update



 Neoadjuvant nivolumab plus Pt-ChT in resectable lung cancer



- Stage IB (≥4 cm) to IIIA resectable NSCLC
- 1:1 Randomization
- Nivolumab (360 mg) + Pt-ChT vs Pt-ChT alone
- Q3W for 3 weeks before surgery

	Nivolumab + Pt-ChT (n=179)	Pt-ChT alone (n=179)
mEFS (months)	43.8	18.4
4-year EFS rate	49%	38%
mOS (months)	Not reached	Not reached
4-year OS rate	71%	58%

- Neoadjuvant nivolumab plus chemotherapy resulted in sustained EFS and OS benefit vs chemotherapy alone over time in patients with resectable NSCLC
- Greater benefit in patients with tumour PD-L1 expression ≥1% than <1%</li>

## Guidelines for neoadjuvant immunotherapy<sup>3</sup>



## NCCN (Version 6 - 14 June 2024)

- All patients should be evaluated for preoperative therapy, with strong consideration for nivolumab or pembrolizumab + chemotherapy for patients with tumours ≥4 cm or node positive and no contraindications to immune checkpoint inhibitors
- Neoadjuvant therapy should NOT be used to attempt to induce resectability in patients who do not already meet criteria for resectability on initial evaluation
- Test for PD-L1 status, *EGFR* mutations and *ALK* rearrangements (stages IB–IIIA, IIIB [T3, N2]). PD-L1 status can be incorporated with other clinical factors to determine patients who may benefit from induction chemotherapy and immunotherapy



# Adjuvant immunotherapy for patients with NSCLC

### Adjuvant immunotherapy: Phase III data

Agent	Ę	Pembrolizumab <sup>4</sup>	Atezolizumab <sup>5,6</sup>	
Comparator(s)		Placebo	Best supportive care*	
Study		PEARLS/KEYNOTE-091 (NCT02504372)	IMpower010 (NCT02486718)	
Population		Resected stage IB (T ≥4 cm) to IIIA NSCLC (N=1,010)	Resected stage IB (T ≥4 cm) to IIIA NSCLC (N=1,005)	
Efficacy		Median FU: 37.4 months  Pembrolizumab (n=506)  mDFS: 58.7 months  Placebo group (n=504)  mDFS: 34.9 months	Atezolizumab (n=507)  mDFS: NE  BSC (n=498)  mDFS: 35.3 months	Median FU: 65.0 months <sup>6</sup> Atezolizumab (n=248)  mDFS: 68.5 months  BSC (n=228)  mDFS: 37.3 months  IIA NSCLC and PD-L1 ≥1%)

## Guidelines for adjuvant immunotherapy: NCCN (Version 6 - 14 June 2024)<sup>3</sup>

- Atezolizumab as an adjuvant therapy option for eligible patients with completely resected stage IIB–IIIA, stage IIIB (only T3, N2), or high-risk stage IIA NSCLC and PD-L1 ≥1%, negative for *EGFR* aberrations or *ALK* rearrangements, who have previously received adjuvant chemotherapy
- Pembrolizumab as an adjuvant therapy option following adjuvant chemotherapy for eligible patients with completely resected early-stage NSCLC
- Adjuvant chemotherapy followed by atezolizumab, pembrolizumab or osimertinib for eligible patients with the appropriate biomarkers, negative surgical margins, and stage IIB disease, including T1abc–T2a, N1; T2b, N1; or T3, N0 disease
- For stage IIIA superior sulcus tumours (T4 extension, N0–1) that become resectable after preoperative concurrent chemoradiation, resection followed by chemotherapy is recommended and then atezolizumab, pembrolizumab or osimertinib, depending on biomarker status



# Combining pre- and postoperative immunotherapy for patients with NSCLC

#### Perioperative immunotherapy: Phase III data

Agent	Pembrolizumab + chemotherapy <sup>7</sup>	Nivolumab + chemotherapy <sup>8</sup>	Durvalumab + chemotherapy <sup>9</sup>
Comparator(s)	Placebo + chemotherapy	Placebo + chemotherapy	Placebo + chemotherapy
Study	<b>KEYNOTE-671 (</b> NCT03425643)	CheckMate 77T (NCT04025879)	<b>AEGEAN</b> (NCT03800134)
Population <b>(i)</b>	Resectable stage II–IIIB NSCLC (N=797)	Resectable stage IIA–IIIB NSCLC (N=461)	Resectable stage II–IIIB NSCLC (N=802)
Efficacy	Pembrolizumab group (n=397) 24-month EFS: 62.4% 24-month OS: 80.9% PCR: 18.1%  Placebo group (n=400) 24-month EFS: 40.6% 24-month OS: 77.6% PCR: 4.0%  EFS HR: 0.58 (95% CI, 0.46–0.72; p<0.001)	Nivolumab group (n=229)  18-month EFS: 70.2%  PCR: 25.3%  Placebo group (n=232)  18-month EFS: 50.0%  PCR: 4.7%  EFS HR: 0.58 (97.36% CI, 0.42–0.81;  p<0.001)	Durvalumab group (n=400) 24-month EFS: 63.3% PCR: 17.2%*  Placebo group (n=402) 24-month EFS: 52.4% PCR: 4.3%*  EFS HR: 0.68 (95% CI, 0.53–0.88; p<0.004)

### **Biomarker testing**

- NCCN guidelines recommend testing for PD-L1 status, EGFR mutations and ALK rearrangements for patients with stages IB-IIIA, IIIB [T3,N2]<sup>3</sup>
  - o Patients with known *EGFR* mutations or *ALK* rearrangements were excluded from, or enrolled in limited numbers in pivotal trials for perioperative immunotherapy<sup>7–9</sup>
  - Based on the limited data in patients with EGFR mutations or ALK rearrangements, NCCN guidelines recommend exclusion of these biomarkers, at a minimum, prior to consideration for neoadjuvant immuno-chemotherapy<sup>3</sup>



# **Abbreviations and references**

#### **Abbreviations**

BSC, best supportive care; CI, confidence interval; DFS, disease free survival; EFS, event free survival; EGFR, epidermal growth factor receptor; FU, follow-up; HR, hazard ratio; mDFS, median DFS; mEFS, median EFS; mOS, median OS; NCCN, National Comprehensive Cancer Network; NE, non-estimable; NSCLC, non-small cell lung cancer; OS, overall survival; PCR, pathological complete response; PD-L1, programmed death-ligand 1; Pt-ChT, platinum-based chemotherapy; Q3W, every three weeks.

#### References

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- 8. Cascone T, et al. N Engl J Med. 2024;390:1756-69.

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