Precision targeting of MET in NSCLC: A multidisciplinary approach



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Expert MDT panel



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Targeting *MET*ex14 skipping mutations: Patient identification through molecular analysis

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ONCOLOGY

Clinical case – Elizabeth

Patient history

Biopsy and biomarkers

Liquid biopsy:

 No actionable oncogene driver mutations detected

• Female

- 81 years old
- Never-smoker

Diagnosis

- Chest X-ray/CT/PET scans:
 - Left pleural effusion
 - Tumour: 4 cm diameter in left lower lobe
 - Liver metastasis: 3 cm nodule
 - Multiple hypermetabolic masses in the left lung and lymph nodes
 - Hypermetabolic activity in the right supraclavicular region
- MRI: No brain metastases
- ECOG-PS at diagnosis: 2
- Liquid biopsy:
 - Stage IV NSCLC (adenocarcinoma)



Treatment options





Managing *MET*ex14 skipping mutations: Clinical insights and strategies

Dr Xiuning Le Thoracic medical oncologist





Dr Sandra Cuellar Clinical oncology pharmacist



Ms Stephanie McDonald Oncology nurse practitioner





Clinical case – Elizabeth

Patient history

Diagnosis

Liver metastasis: 3 cm nodule

Hypermetabolic activity in the right

Tumour: 4 cm diameter in left lower lobe

Multiple hypermetabolic masses in the left

Biopsy and biomarkers

Liquid biopsy:

 No actionable oncogene driver mutations detected

EBUS-FNA

DNA and RNA NGS

METex14 skipping mutation

Treatment options

MET-TKIs (oral)

- Crizotinib¹
- Capmatinib¹ > NCCN
- Tepotinib¹
- Savolitinib (China)²

MRI: No brain metastases

Chest X-ray/CT/PET scans:

Left pleural effusion

lung and lymph nodes

supraclavicular region

- ECOG-PS at diagnosis: 2
- Liquid biopsy:

Female

81 years old

Never-smoker

Stage IV NSCLC (adenocarcinoma)

CT, computed tomography; EBUS-FNA, endobronchial ultrasound-guided fine-needle aspiration; ECOG-PS, Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group performance status; MRI, magnetic resonance imaging; NGS, next-generation sequencing; NCCN, National Comprehensive Cancer Network; NSCLC, non-small cell lung cancer; PET, positron emission tomography; TKI, tyrosine kinase inhibitor.

1. NCCN. Non-small cell lung cancer. Version 10.2024 (accessed 27 September 2024); 2. Yu Y, et al. Lancet Respir Med. 2024;S2213-2600(24)00211-X.





Metastatic challenges: Exploring *MET* amplification in refractory disease

Dr Xiuning Le Thoracic medical oncologist





Dr Christine Argento Interventional pulmonologist Prof. Albrecht Stenzinger Molecular pathologist





Clinical case – Andrew



CT, computed tomography; EBUS-FNA, endobronchial ultrasound-guided fine-needle aspiration; EGFR, epidermal growth factor receptor; IHC, immunohistochemistry; NCCN, National Comprehensive Cancer Network; NGS, next-generation sequencing; NSCLC, non-small cell lung cancer.





Navigating resistance: MET-targeted treatment strategies for refractory NSCLC

Dr Xiuning Le Thoracic medical oncologist





Dr Sandra Cuellar Clinical oncology pharmacist



Ms Stephanie McDonald Oncology nurse practitioner





Clinical case – Andrew

Patient history	First-line treatment	Disease progression	Treatment options (NCCN)
 Male 77 years old Former-smoker 	Osimertinib monotherapy (2 years)	Platinum-based chemotherapy considered if there are no targetable resistance mutations	EGFR/MET bi-specific Ab (IV) ^{1,2} • Amivantamab Osimertinib + MET-TKI (oral) ¹ • Crizotinib • Capmatinib • Tepotinib
Diagnosis and biomarkers	Follow-up	EBUS-FNA	
 Chest X-ray/CT: 5 cm opacity in right upper lung Solitary 4.5 cm radiodense mass EBUS-FNA: Cytology consistent with NSCLC Surgical core biopsy: Infiltrative tumour IHC indicates adenocarcinoma NGS: EGFRex19 deletion 	 Clinical assessment: Increased cough, dyspnoea, pain and weight loss CT scan: >20% increase in lesion diameter 	 Histology: No small cell or squamous transformation Confirmed adenocarcinoma NGS MET amplification: >10 copies 	

Ab, antibody; CT, computed tomography; EBUS-FNA, endobronchial ultrasound-guided fine-needle aspiration; EGFR, epidermal growth factor receptor; IHC, immunohistochemistry; IV, intravenous; NCCN, National Comprehensive Cancer Network; NGS, next-generation sequencing; NSCLC, non-small cell lung cancer; TKI, tyrosine kinase inhibitor. 1. NCCN. Non-small cell lung cancer treatment guidelines. Version 10.2024 (accessed 27 September 2024); 2. US Food and Drug Administration. Amivantamab-vmjw prescribing information. 2024. Available at: www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2024/761210s004lbl.pdf (accessed 27 September 2024).

