

What's new in primary ITP? Key updates from ASH 2024

Practice aid for ITP

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Guideline recommended treatments for ITP

Initial therapies



Corticosteroids^{1,2}



IVIg²



Anti-D Ig²

Second line onwards¹⁻³

TPO-RAs



Eltrombopag



Romiplostim



Avatrombopag

Anti-CD20

Rituximab
(off label)



Syk inhibitor

Fostamatinib



Splenectomy



There are limited options for patients who are refractory/intolerant to standard therapies⁴

Factors to consider when selecting second- or later-line treatments



Potential for a **durable treatment response**¹



Risks and benefits of withholding or administering treatment⁵



Potential treatment **side effects**⁵



Method of treatment **administration**^{1,6}






Treatment adherence¹



Dietary restrictions associated with any treatments⁶

Emerging therapies for ITP

Anti-CD38 mAb⁴

-  Daratumumab
-  CM313
-  Mezagitamab

BAFF pathway inhibitor⁴

-  Ianalumab
-  Povetacicept

BTK inhibitor⁴

-  Rilzabrutinib

Syk inhibitor⁴

-  Cevidoplenib
-  Sovleplenib

FcRn antagonist⁴

-  Efgartigimod

Data presented at the 66th ASH Annual Meeting and Exposition

Treatment arms

VAYHIT3
(phase II)⁷

Ianalumab (N=10)
Four doses: 9 mg/kg Q4W IV

- **ConFR**:* n=5
- **ConFR* + stable response**:[†] n=4
- **Median best post-BL PC**:
129.0 x 10⁹/L

Key safety results



Patients with:
Any AE, n=10; **grade ≥3**, n=3
Any SAE, n=2; **grade ≥3**, n=2

LUNA 3
(phase III)⁸

Randomized 2:1 **rilzabrutinib** (n=133)
vs placebo (n=69) 400 mg BID

- **DR**:[‡] 23% vs 0% (p<0.0001)
- **Duration of PR**:[§]
longer with rilza vs PBO (p<0.0001)
- **Rescue therapy required**:
lower with rilza vs PBO (p=0.0007)

Similar incidence of AEs and SAEs

ESLIM-01 extension stage
(phase III)⁹

All **soveplepenib** (n=179) vs crossover
from placebo (n=53) 300 mg QD

- **OR**:[¶] 81.0% vs 83.0%
- **DR**:^{||} 51.4% vs 43.4%
- **Long-term DR**:** 59.8% vs 64.2%
- **Received rescue therapy**:
22.9% vs 18.9%

Most common grade ≥3 TRAEs:
↑ ALT (2.2%), ↓ neutrophil count
(1.7%), ↑ GGT (1.7%)

Direct comparisons between trials should not be made due to differences in trial design.

*PC ≥50 x 10⁹/L at ≥2 consecutive assessments ≥7 days apart between week 1 and week 25, in the absence of rescue treatment for ≥4 weeks prior to PC assessment and start of new ITP treatment before reaching a ConFR; [†]stable response defined as proportion of patients with ≥75% PCs collected between study days 121 and 183 ≥50 x 10⁹/L in the absence of rescue treatment/new ITP treatment; [‡]PC ≥50 x 10⁹/L for ≥two-thirds of ≥8 of the last 12 weeks of the 24-week blinded treatment period in the absence of rescue medication; [§]PC ≥50 x 10⁹/L or 30–<50 x 10⁹/L and >2 x BL; [¶]≥1 PC ≥50 x 10⁹/L with soveplepenib not impacted by rescue treatment; ^{||}PC ≥50 x 10⁹/L at ≥4 of 6 scheduled visits between weeks 14 and 24 in ESLIM-01 not impacted by rescue treatment, or PC ≥50 x 10⁹/L at 2 or 3 protocol-defined visits during the second 12 weeks of 24 weeks in the open-label sub-study not impacted by rescue treatment; **after receiving soveplepenib for 12 weeks, PC ≥50 x 10⁹/L at ≥2 of 3 of any 12-week consecutive protocol defined visits not impacted by rescue treatment.

The real-world impact of ITP



Symptomatic bleeding affects **60–70%** of patients with **chronic ITP** and **70–80%** of patients with **newly diagnosed ITP**¹⁰



ITP impacts patients' **psychological** and **emotional wellbeing**^{13,14}



Patients may have **concerns over the risk of bleeding**¹¹ and **may have to alter their lifestyles** to reduce bleeding risk¹⁰



Patients can experience **fatigue and cognitive impairment** that can **decrease participation in activities and work**^{13,15}



Heavy menstrual bleeding is common in female patients with ITP and **often impacts daily life**¹²



Adults living with chronic ITP have an **increased risk of thrombosis and thromboembolism** compared with the general population^{16,17}

Platelet count does not fully correlate with disease burden¹⁸

Patient support groups can help educate patients with ITP, and provide resources and support^{19–21}

- [Platelet Disorder Support Association](#)
- [International ITP Alliance](#)
- [ITP Support Association](#)

Abbreviations and references

Abbreviations

AE, adverse event; ALT, alanine aminotransferase; ASH, American Society of Hematology; BAFF-R, B-cell activating factor; BID, twice daily; BL, baseline; BTK, Bruton's tyrosine kinase; CD, cluster of differentiation; ConfR, confirmed response; DR, durable R; GGT, gamma-glutamyltransferase; Ig, immunoglobulin; ITP, immune thrombocytopenia; IV, intravenous; mAb, monoclonal antibody; OR, overall response; PBO, placebo; PC, platelet count; PR, platelet response; Q4W, once every 4 weeks; QD, once daily; Rilza, rilzabrutinib; SAE, serious AE; Syk, spleen tyrosine kinase; TPO-RA, thrombopoietin receptor agonist; TRAE, treatment-related AE.

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